Association of Clinical Research Professionals
Board of Trustees Policy 2.6

Disclosure and Management of Conflicts of Interest

PURPOSE
The Conflict of Interest Policy supports the expectation that volunteers and employees of the Association of Clinical Research Professionals (ACRP) and its affiliate organization—The Academy of Clinical Research Professionals (Academy) — must act at all times in the best interests of ACRP and not for personal or third-party gain or financial enrichment. Such personal or third-party gain is deemed a conflict of interest.

SCOPE
This policy applies to all volunteers and employees of ACRP and the Academy.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST DIRECTIVE
As an ACRP Volunteer or Employee, ACRP expects you will act as its fiduciary in all you do on its behalf, especially as to conflicts of interest that may arise during your tenure. To help you understand this fiduciary duty and to avoid even the appearance of any conflict of interest in your tenure with ACRP, we offer the following statement.

First and foremost, please understand that your fiduciary duty includes a duty of loyalty to ACRP and a duty to act with care in carrying out your ACRP responsibilities. This means that you cannot use your position to benefit yourself to the detriment of ACRP. You must set aside your personal interests and, as a Volunteer or Employee, act/make decisions on the basis of what's best for ACRP, not what's best for you. ACRP trusts you to do this. In practice, this means you must recognize when your personal/professional interest and ACRP's interest are in conflict, advise the designated ACRP official(s) of that conflict, and abstain from voting or acting on the matter that involves the conflict.

You must also not take advantage of an opportunity that belongs to ACRP by exploiting it for yourself. And most importantly, you must never compete with ACRP, i.e., you must not take business or customers away from ACRP or take/use its trade secrets or other confidential information for your own personal/professional benefit.

In summary, as a Volunteer and Employee, keep ACRP’s interests before your own, act and make decisions in good faith, i.e., fully informed, and with due consideration for the impact of the decision on ACRP. In doing so, you will likely avoid any difficulty with possible conflicts of interest.

DEFINITIONS
A Conflict of Interest is a transaction or relationship which presents or may present a conflict between a Board member’s fiduciary obligation to ACRP and the Board member’s personal, professional, business, or other interests.
Examples of Potential Conflicts of Interest (examples are not all inclusive):

1) You serve on either ACRP’s or the Academy’s Board of Trustees and also serve on the board of another organization that directly competes with ACRP in the areas of education, training, or certification.

2) You work or consult for a company engaged in the development of marketed educational/training materials or services that directly compete with ACRP.

3) You have a financial/personal interest in an organization with which ACRP does business and could, therefore, be perceived to be in a position to influence relevant business decisions.

4) ACRP is planning to engage a consultant and you lobby for your relative’s company to be awarded the contract.

5) You serve on an advisory board or planning committee for an organization that holds conferences/training sessions that directly compete with ACRP.

6) You submit an abstract, conduct a workshop, or run a training session at a conference that directly competes with a scheduled ACRP event.

7) You present an invited lecture, workshop, or training session at a conference that directly competes with a scheduled ACRP event. Please discuss the specifics with the Executive Director prior to committing.

Finally, the existence of a conflict of interest may not prevent someone from participating in the Association’s or its affiliates’ programs. However, full disclosure of the relationship will openly identify any potential conflicts of interest which will require management as necessary.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST MANAGEMENT PROCESS

All ACRP Trustees, Committee Members, and Staff identified by the Executive Director must complete the Conflict of Interest Disclosure Form at the start of each calendar year. If a potential conflict of interest should arise after the disclosure form has been submitted, the Executive Director must be promptly notified (within 5 business days) and the nature/specifics of the conflict of interest should be submitted in writing within ten (10) business days.

When a potential conflict of interest is discovered or disclosed the following steps will be taken:

1. The Executive Director will refer it to the Governance Committee.
2. The Governance Committee will collect and consider facts and information surrounding the conflict of interest as needed.
3. After the Governance Committee has fully reviewed and discussed the facts and information about the conflict of interest, it will provide a report and/or a recommended management plan to the ABoT unless the conflict of interest is determined to be inconsequential.
4. ABoT must approve any management plan for the conflict of interest.
5. If time does not allow for the above steps, the Executive Director will share the conflict of interest with the ABoT Chair and the Governance Committee Chair to determine any immediate action that must be taken and report it to the Board of Trustees no later than their next meeting.
MONITORING AND REVIEW SCHEDULE
Monitor as needed and review every three years by the ACRP Governance Committee and applicable Board of Trustees.

DATES REVIEWED BY COMMITTEE
November 16, 2018
September 23, 2020
October 7, 2020

DATES MODIFIED BY COMMITTEE
September 23, 2020
October 7, 2020

DATES APPROVED BY COMMITTEE
November 16, 2018
September 23, 2020
October 7, 2020

DATES REVIEWED BY ABOT
September 19, 2013
November 14, 2020

DATE APPROVED BY ABOT
September 19, 2013
November 14, 2020